

# Urbanna Town Council Public Hearing Work Session AGENDA Town Council Chambers 390 Virginia Street Suite B July 25, 2024 6:00 PM

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Roll Call
- 3. Pledge of Allegiance
- 4. Approval of Agenda
- 5. Public Hearing
  - a. 2024-SUP-03 (201 Colorado)
  - b. 2024-ZOA-01 (Home Occupancy Permits/B-1 uses)
- 6. Public Comment
- 7. Council Comment
- 8. Discussion Items
  - a. DMV Select
- 9. Action Items
  - a. Audit
- 10. Announcements
- 11. Adjourn



### Agenda Item Summary July 25, 2024

Agenda Item: 4-Approval of Agenda

**Staff Recommendation:** Approve

**Council Action Requested:** Yes

**Sample Motion(s):** Motion to approve agenda as presented.

### **Staff Report**

### 2024-SUP Application-03

**Location**: 201 Colorado Ave.

**Property Owner:** Bryan & Jennifer Harrelson

Lessor: N/A

**Applicant:** Bryan Lee Harrelson

**Request:** Conversion of the detached single car garage to an accessory dwelling unit to

accommodate guests. Planned renovations include exterior improvements, new windows, decorative carriage doors, and paver patio. Interior improvements include new bathroom, new finishes, and HVAC. Plumbing and electrical

connections will be fed from the main house.

Acreage: 0.234 acres

**Map:** 20A-6-22

**Zoning District:** R-1

Overlay District(s): Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Overlay District

**Use:** Residential

Adjacent Composition: Residential-zoned R-1

**Environmental:** This is a developed site and no exterior additions are proposed that would alter the land as

it exists requiring any concerns to be addressed.

**Comprehensive Plan:** The proposed plan, as it is presented, using the existing footprint of the

garage, avoids adding any impervious surfaces to the lot, and does not go against the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (CBPA). This furthers the

environmental goals and objectives as noted on page 45 of the Comprehensive

Plan.

Under Land Use Goals and Objectives, it would encourage harmonious and wise use of the land, and improve the compatibility of existing land use relationships.

**Zoning Compliance:** The existing structure's placement is non-conforming and therefore exempted

from setback requirements.

### **Analysis:**

Various state agencies, to include the Virginia Department of Transportation, and contractors were contacted for comments on this case. The only comment received was from Hampton Roads Sanitation District requesting a sketch showing the location of the sewage pump and service line connecting the garage to the house main line.

Per §17-13.2 of the Urbanna Town Code, the definition of a "Dwelling Unit" is: Space, within a building, comprising living, dining, and sleep rooms, storage closets, and space and equipment for cooking, bathing, and toilet facilities, occupied as separate living quarters by a single family or other group of persons living together as a household or by a person living alone and having its own permanently installed cooking and sanitary facilities.

Based on this definition, this would not be a complete dwelling unit, due to its lack of cooking equipment (kitchen) limiting its use as a separate living unit.

Rather than putting on an extension to the current home, which would alter the view of the water for some adjacent neighbors, the applicant is converting the structure for personal guest use only. By doing this the proposed use would not "unreasonably impair an adequate supply of light and air to adjacent property" as found in §17-9.4(a) of the Urbanna Town Code.

Staff finds, per §17-9.4(a) of the Urbanna Town Code, the proposed use would not have an adverse effect on the surrounding neighborhood and recommends approval of the SUP with the conditions below.

### **Suggested Permit Conditions:**

- 1. All federal, state and local laws shall be observed at all times.
- 2. The property shall be maintained in a clean and orderly manner at all times.
- 3. This Ordinance shall be recorded in the Middlesex County Clerk's Office by the property owner; the property owner shall provide a stamped copy of the recorded Ordinance to the Town Administrator.
- 4. No ingress/egress will be added to the Kent Street side of the unit.
- 5. If owner and/or applicant violates any of the conditions above or fails to adhere to the representations set forth in the application and supporting materials, this special use permit may be terminated upon notice being given the applicant and hearing by the Town Council.

### ORDINANCE NO. 2024-06

ORDINANCE NO. 2024-06 GRANTS A SPECIAL USE PERMIT (2024 SUP APPLICATION 03) FOR 201 COLORADO AVENUE [20A-6-22] TO ALLOW FOR THE CONVERSION OF AN EXISTING DETACHED SINGLE-CAR GARAGE INTO AN ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT. THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN THE R-1 ZONING DISTRICT AND CONSISTS OF +/-.234 ACRES.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Urbanna Town Council, at the regularly scheduled meeting on July 25, 2024, that a Special Use Permit is hereby granted for Lot 20A-6-22, 201 Colorado Avenue, to allow to allow for the conversion of an existing detached single-car garage into an accessory dwelling unit, subject to the following terms and conditions:

- 1. All federal, state and local laws shall be observed at all times.
- 2. The property shall be maintained in a clean and orderly manner at all times.
- 3. This Ordinance shall be recorded in the Middlesex County Clerk's Office by the property owner; the property owner shall provide a stamped copy of the recorded Ordinance to the Town Administrator.
- 4. No ingress/egress will be added to the Kent Street side of the unit.
- 5. If owner and/or applicant violates any of the conditions above or fails to adhere to the representations set forth in the application and supporting materials, this special use permit may be terminated upon notice being given the applicant and hearing by the Town Council.

This Ordinance shall take effect upon adoption.

Ms. Austin	Aye	Nay	Abstain	Absent
Mr. Chowning	Aye	Nay	Abstain	Absent
Ms. Courtney	Aye	Nay	Abstain	Absent
Ms. Hanson	Aye	Nay	Abstain	Absent
Ms. Justice	Aye	Nay	Abstain	Absent
Ms. Sturgill	Aye	Nay	Abstain	Absent
Mayor Goldsmith	Aye	Nay	Abstain	Absent



Special Use Permit Application Number\_\_\_\_\_

### Town of Urbanna, Virginia Application for Special Use Permit – Standard Form

The undersigned property owner or agent for the property owner, of the following property hereby applies for a Special Use Permit in accordance with Chapter 17, Urbanna Town Code, Article 9, Zoning Ordinance of Urbanna, Virginia.

Applicant / Property Owner Infor	mation		
Bryan Lee Harrelson			
Applicant Name			
201 Colorado Avenue	Urbanna	Virginia	23175
Applicant Address	City/Town	State	Zip Code
703-772-9209			
Applicant phone number		Applicant fax num	ber
You are the (X) property owner;	( ) agent for the property owner.		
	roperty owner written consent of the	owner must be attached to	this application.
Bryan Lee Harrelson			
Property Owner Name 2406 Logan Street	North Chesterfield	Virginia	าวาวะ
		Virginia	23235
Property Owner Mailing Address 703-772-9209	City/Town	State	Zip Code
Property owner telephone number		Property owner fa	x number
Location of Property			
201 Colorado Avenue		20A-622	
Street Address		Tax parcel ID num	nber
General Description of Property			
3 Bedroom Residence with Single Ca	r Detached Garage		
<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Current Zoning DistrictR-1	Tax Map <u>20A</u> DC <u>Lot(s)</u>	)_622	
	one()Zone X ()Zone AE ake Bay ()RMA ()RPA	Historic District ( ) Yes	( X ) No
Existing Use(s) of Property			
/acation/Weekend Home			
. IIII III III III III III III III III			

Describe the proposed change in use or change in structure(s) for the property.
Conversion of the detached single car garage to an accessory dwelling unit to accommodate guests. Planned renovations include
exterior improvements, new windows, decorative carriage doors, and paver patio. Interior improvements include new bathroom,
new finishes, and HVAC. Plumbing and electrical connections will be fed from the main house.
Maximum Building Height(s) with Proposed Change: No planned change in height.
Number of Dwelling Units/Density Calculations: Existing house has 3 bedrooms. 1 bedroom will be added.
Proffers, Restrictive Covenants, Deed Restrictions and Other Special Considerations
None.
Does this property have any conditions attached to it from a previous application for a special use permit? If so, please list them here.
None.
Demonstrate how the proposed special use will not negatively impact the surrounding properties or detract from the neighborhood character in terms of public health, safety, and welfare. How will such impacts be mitigated or avoided?
Refer to attachment for details.

Attach a site plan / plot plan / survey plat showing location(s) of existing and proposed structures to be erected and applicable setback lines and distances including all zoning district requirements.

### **Notes**

- (1) Special use permits are issued subject to approval of a site plan. Permits may be issued for a either a limited or indefinite period of time and shall be revocable by the Town Council for failure to adhere to the applicable conditions. Unless otherwise specified, work must begin within one year and be completed within 2 and one-half years.
- The Town Council may include, as part of the ordinance granting any special use permit, suitable regulations and safeguards as it may deem appropriate. Once a special use permit is approved subject to such conditions, they shall be deemed to be a part of the zoning ordinance and may be enforced by the zoning administrator. Conditions attached to a special use permit may only be amended or deleted by subsequent application for the purpose.
- This permit shall expire and may be revoked if the work performed does not conform to the approved site plan and application (drawings/site plan/elevations), the conditions attached thereto, or other applicable regulations. The permit shall be revoked if the use made of the property does not conform to the use applied for and approved hereby.

(4) This application for a special use permit must be accompanied by three (3) copies of any required site plans or plot plans. Plans are to be drawn to scale, showing actual dimensions of all existing and proposed structures/alterations.

Attach the Names and Addresses of All Adjacent Property Owners to this Application: Please include lot numbers Applicant(s) Remarks:

Use a separate sheet if necessary.

RIETDORF HAROLD & WIGGINS LISA R/S - 190 Colorado Avenue CHAPMAN STEVEN B & LAURA S R/S - 221 Colorado Avenue HIGHT COMMERICAL RENTALS INC - 189 Kent Street ADLER RACHEL - 195 Kent Street

POWERS WILLIAM & LISA LIVING TRUST - 210 Colorado Avenue KLINGLER CATHERINE VOLK ETAL - 170 Kent Street HIGHT WAREHOUSE NC INC - 191 Kent Street JOSEPH RONALD C & MICHELE W R/S - 210 Kent Street

Application Fee: A \$300.00 application fee for Level 1 applicants or \$1500 fee for Level 2 applicants must be paid to the Town of Urbanna. In addition, the applicant is responsible for the cost of advertising and for expenses of notifying the adjacent property owners. The application fee must be paid before any action is taken. The fee is non-refundable.

In making this application, the Applicant requests that the Town of Urbanna approve the location, modifications, or

construction of the above proposed s	•	described above.	
ByJaffal	6-10-24		
Property Owner Signature	Date	Applicant Signature (If Not Property Owner)	Date
If this application is not signed by the attorney to obligate the owner for all r		reby swears and affirms that he has legally sufficien lication.	t power of
Agent Signature	Date		

For Office	Use by the Urbanna Zoning Admir	nistrator and the Planning Commissi	on
Town Official Receiving Application	n		Date
Permit Level	Fee paid \$	Date Paid/Received by	Special Use Permit Application Number
Actions Taken:			
Application returned for correction	n/additional information		Date
Public Hearing advertised			Date
Adjacent property owner notificati	ions mailed		Date
Action by Planning Commission			Dates
Action by Town Council			Date
Additional Action - Describe			Date
Additional Action - Describe			Date
			(Revised 7/2013

### Application for Special Use Permit – Standard Form

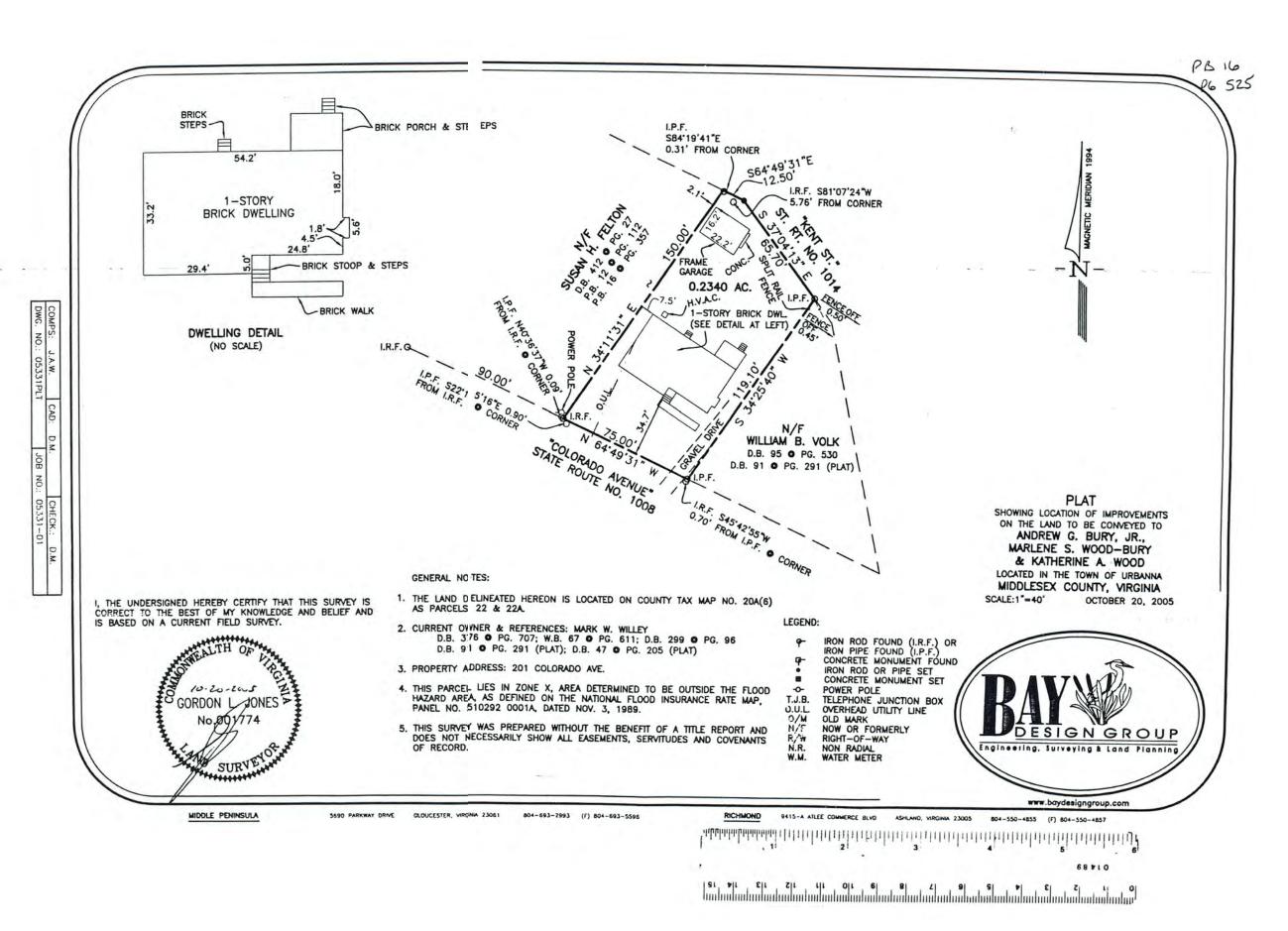
### **Supplemental Information**

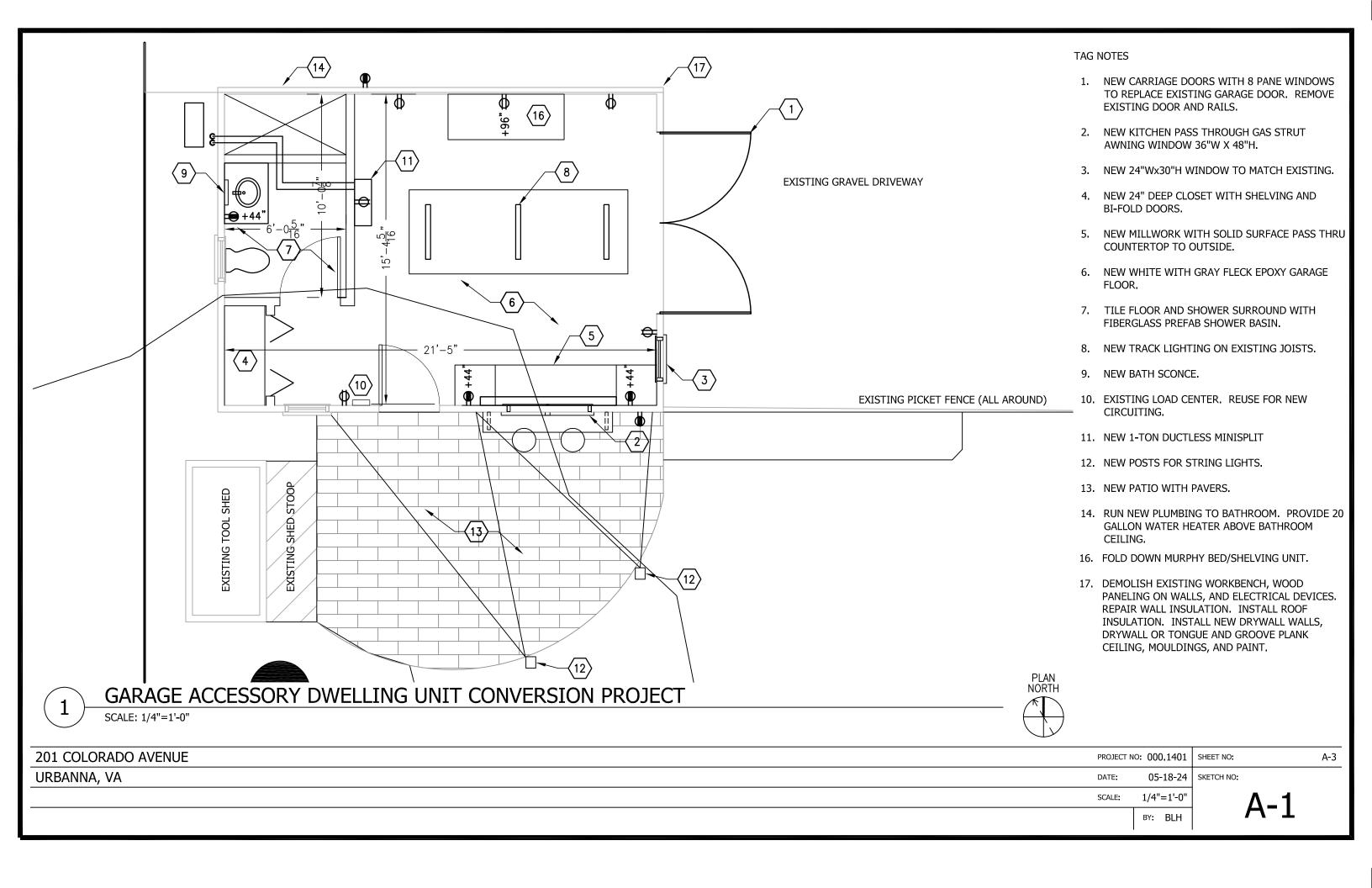
Demonstrate how the proposed special use will not negatively impact the surrounding properties or detract from the neighborhood character in terms of public health, safety, and welfare. How will such impacts be mitigated or avoided?

- The planned upgrades are primarily to accommodate guest families, and to provide a degree of privacy for guests as an alternative to staying in the main house. We anticipate this space will be used no more than 5-10 times per year for this purpose.
- Other options were analyzed prior to consideration of upgrading the garage. Building an addition to the main house was studied but there is no feasible way to do this and provide the required privacy without excessive cost. Construction of a new bedroom on one end of the house would be immediately adjacent to the master bedroom and would block views of the water from the master bedroom (and potentially block water views for neighbors). Adding to the opposite end of the house would block views of the water from the main living areas. Neither option would provide any real privacy for a visiting family due to the size of the house. Both options would impact the scale of the house with respect to the lot, negatively impacting property value. Ultimately, upgrades to the garage were deemed to be the best option.
- 201 Colorado Avenue is unique in that it has street frontage on both Colorado Avenue and Kent Street. The garage is on Kent street and is a very basic structure. Adding carriage doors and installing a patio will enhance this structure to provide more of a cottage look, improving the back of the property that faces Kent Street. No expansion of the structure is planned.
- The planned upgrades do not have any new windows that directly face onto neighboring properties. New windows would face back towards the main house and the driveway.
- Rather than serving functions typical for a garage such as auto maintenance, engine repair, storage, etc, which cause potential fumes, the structure will serve as a guest sleeping quarters with bathroom. We envision a small patio on the side facing the yard perhaps with adirondack chairs and decorative planters.
- Several new outdoor appliances including an underground sewage grinder pump and an HVAC condensing unit will be required. The grinder pump is accessible from the yard. It is silent and pumps back to the main house where waste then drains by gravity to the HRSD sewer connection. The HVAC condensing unit (which will be very small) is planned to be located in the adjacent flower bed with adequate screening. It will not face Kent Street. A bath fan will be required and will discharge through the sidewall facing the back of the property through an approved 4" dryer vent terminal.

- Construction will be performed during normal business hours, by a licensed and insured contractor. We do anticipate some noise from sawing and hammering, but anticipate this type of noise will last less than 2 weeks.
- We have no plans to rent the house or the accessory dwelling unit.







### m.rodenburg@urbannava.gov

From: Rachel Adler <rachela8961@gmail.com>

Sent: Monday, July 22, 2024 4:31 PM
 To: m.rodenburg@urbannava.gov
 Cc: Ted Costin; Woolwine Brent
 Subject: Re: Rachel Adler's Email

Hi,

Thanks you so much for your help. Pls see below for our response:

We support the zoning change with the understanding that the construction is in accordance with the detail in the appendix and special note that no new external windows will be facing Kent Street and items such as a/c units and patios will not be added to the Kent Street side of the existing structure or the Kent Street driveway/ parking spots. With that, we look forward to the enhancements. Rachel Adler / Brent Woolwine

### Staff Report Zoning Ordinance Amendment

**Applicant:** Town of Urbanna

**Request:** 1. Amend Sections 17-4.2.3 (6), 17-4.4.3 (7) and 17-5.2 and adds

Section 17-4.2.2 (10).

2. Amend Section 17-4.6.2 (1) by repeal and replace with an allowance for public and private utilities. Amend Section 17-4.6.2 (21) which is Reserved with

an allowance for parks and similar uses.

Impact: 1. Taken together these amendments will allow Home Occupations in

residential districts as Permitted Uses and no longer require Special Use Permit

unless administrative standards contained in 17-5.2 cannot be met.

2. This section currently allows all principal permitted use in the R-1 zoning district to occur in the General Commercial District. The proposal would allow

for utilities and park like activities to continue to occur.

**Comprehensive Plan:** 

While not associated with any specific parcel there is general language to support both sets of amendments to reduce conflicts in use, but at the same time allowing for economic growth such as evidenced by Home

Occupations.

Land Use Goal: Encourage harmonious and wise use of the land in all future

development decisions.

**Objective:** Preserve the character and quality of life in the Town and improve the compatibility of existing land use relationships. (p.45) **Economic Goal:** Expand the economic activities commensurate with the

existing character and lifestyle of the local community.

Objective: Encourage light industrial uses (no nuisance problems) and

commercial operations.... (p.46)

**Zoning Compliance:** 

1. Historically, Business License Applications have been processed independent of zoning review. That process has been altered beginning this year and is working well. However, this process has revealed several ongoing businesses working out of homes with no Home Occupation Permit (HOP). HOPs under the town's zoning ordinance require a Special Use Permit (SUP). Local zoning ordinances typically allow for administrative approval of Home Occupations and only when the HOP standards set out in the ordinance at 17-5.2 cannot be met, a SUP or similar approval (rezoning) would come into consideration. There is with the passage of the proposed amendment an opportunity to correct several

technical existing situations of non-compliance.

**2.** There are no known violation concerns with the allowance of R1 uses in the B1. Concerns do exist for the potential of use conflicts between commercial and residential as well as the loss of commercial enterprises to

residential uses which do not contribute as much to the economic well being of the town.

Analysis:

- 1. Consideration should be given to the cost imposed on Home Occupation operations which are relatively small and thus low impact businesses if having to pursue a SUP. Such an expense could be a detriment to continuing or starting a small home business. From staff's experience, the vast majority of those existing home occupations are free of nuisances and would easily meet the proposed new criteria of Section 17-5.2 which has only been altered to remove existing SUP references. The proposed application form adds language to address parking and signage standards located and already existing elsewhere in the ordinance. At present, ten business licenses are being held in hopes of resolving this issue as proposed. Should the current ordinance language be unaltered, staff will be overwhelmed with the processing of that many SUPs in a short amount of time. This assumes the applicants would go forward with the SUP process.
- 2. As noted, concerns do exist for the potential of use conflicts between commercial and residential as well as the loss of commercial enterprises to residential uses. Passage of the amendment will lessen the potential for conflicts in uses as well as lessen the threat of commercially used property being lost.

**Recommendation:** Approve as presented.



Amendment Application Number 2024-1

### Town of Urbanna, Virginia

### **Application for Amendment**

The undersigned hereby applies for a Zoning Ordinance Amendment under Chapter 17, Urbanna Town Code, Article 10, Zoning Ordinance of Urbanna, Virginia.

### Applicant Information

Town of Urbanna Administrator Ted Cos	sun		
Applicant Name			
390 Virginia Street, Suite B	Urbanna	VA	23175
Applicant Address	City/Town	State	Zip Code
804-758-2613			
Applicant phone number t.costin@urbannava.gov		Applicant alterna	tive number

Email

Use a separate sheet if necessary.

### Existing Language:

R-1 Uses Permitted by Special Use Permit Section 17-4.2.3 (6) reads: Home Occupations, meeting regulations in Section 17-5.2.

R-2 Uses Permitted by Special Use Permit Section 17-4.4.3 (7) reads: Home Occupations, meeting regulations in Section 17-5.2.

Section 17-5.2 Home Occupations reads:

- (A) Any occupation, profession, enterprise or activity conducted solely by one or more members of a family on the premises which is incidental and secondary to the use of the premises for dwelling may be permitted under an approved Special Use Permit, with the appropriate Certificate of Occupancy, provided that:
  - (2) External alterations required by such occupation shall be subject to special use provisions contained in Article 9.

B-1 Permitted Uses Section 17-4.6.2 (1) reads: Any principal permitted use permitted by right in the R-1 zoning district. Dwellings are subject to the same lot area and yard space requirements as in the R-1 district.

### Proposed Language:

Amend R-1 Permitted Uses and Structures Section 17-4.2.2 to add: (10) Home Occupations, subject to regulations in Section 17-5.2.

Amend R-1 Uses Permitted by Special Use Permit Section 17-4.2.3 to alter (6) to read: Home Occupations, not meeting regulations in Section 17-5.2.

Amend R-2 Uses Permitted by Special Use Permit Section 17-4.4.3 to alter (7) to read: Home Occupations, not meeting regulations in Section 17-5.2.

Amend Section 17-5.2 Home Occupations to read:

Any occupation, profession, enterprise or activity conducted solely by one or more members of a family on the premises which is incidental and secondary to the use of the premises for dwelling may be permitted with the appropriate Certificate of Occupancy, provided that:

(2) External alterations required by such occupation shall not be undertaken.

Repeal Section 17-4.6.2 (1) B-1 Permitted Uses as written which allows for all R-1 uses and replace with:

Facilities, structures and right-of ways necessary for rendering public utility service, including poles, wires, transformers, telephone booths and the like for electrical power distribution or communication service, and underground pipelines or

conduits for electrical, gas, sewer, or water service.

Amend Section 17-4.6.2 (21) which is Reserved with:

Public parks, parkways, playgrounds, and athletic fields; public and private forests, wildlife preserves and conservation areas. Public and private facilities requiring night illumination or associated buildings and facilities require a special use permit.

### Justification:

As to the first four proposed text changes:

Allowing Home Occupations Permits (HOP) to be issued after administrative review is the normal level of review in zoning enforcement.

Only when the HOP standards set out in the ordinance cannot be met, a Special Use Permit would be required. Approval will also clear several technical violations. Consideration should also be given to the cost imposed on these relatively small and thus low impact businesses by having them submit to the Special Use Permit process.

The last two proposed changes are intended to avoid the loss of commercial/business uses in commercially zoned areas by disallowing residential/agricultural uses. This change will also reduce the opportunity for conflicting uses. The two uses specifically added are non-residential (institutional uses) that need to be maintained in the B-1 District.

Application Fee: A \$300.00 application fee must be paid to the Town of Urbanna. The fee is non-refundable.

For Office Use by the Urbanna Zoning Administrator and the Planning Commiss	6/24/20024
Fee paid \$1 V W Control of the paid \$1 V W Contr	2024-20A-1
Date Pajd/Received by Actions Taken:	Amendment Application Number
Application returned for correction/additional information	Date
Public Hearing advertised	Date
adjacent property owner notifications mailed	Date
action by Planning Commission	Dates
action by Town Council	Date
Additional Action - Describe	Date
Additional Action - Describe	Date

### **Permitted Uses and Structures**

### Section 17-4.2.2

A building or land shall be used only for the following purposes:

- 1) Detached single-family dwellings
- 2) For parcels greater than five (5) acres, general agriculture, farming and forestry, including raising of crops, truck gardens, field crops, orchards or nurseries for growing or propagation and harvesting of plants, turf, trees, and shrubs and other general agricultural uses; provided that temporary open air stands shall not exceed 200 square feet in area for seasonal sales of product raised on the premises and provided that no retail or wholesale business office or store shall be permanently maintained on the premises.
- 3) Livestock and animals; the raising of large animals, such as pigs, cows, horses, sheep, or goats, on a farm of ten acres or more, or the raising for sale of birds, bees, fish, rabbits, or other small animals on a lot of five acres or more shall be permitted.
- 4) Facilities, structures and right-of-ways necessary for rendering public utility service, including poles, wires, transformers, telephone booths and the like for electrical power distribution or communication service, and underground pipelines or conduits for electrical, gas, sewer, or water service.
- 5) Public parks, parkways, playgrounds, and athletic fields; public and private forests, wildlife preserves and conservation areas. Public and private facilities requiring night illumination or associated buildings and facilities require a special use permit.
- 6) Yard sale or garage sale for disposal of used household items as defined in Article 13 of this chapter, and provided such sales comply with the regulations therein. Signs associated with the sale shall comply with the district regulations and shall not be attached to trees, utility poles, or street name poles.
- 7) Accessory buildings and uses, including but not limited to accessory private garages, storage buildings and workshops, farm buildings and structures, servants or caretakers quarters, guest houses, swimming pools, tennis courts and similar recreation facilities.
- 8) Boat houses, covered docks and piers which have an absolute total height equal to or less than twenty (20) feet above mean high water.
- 9) Short-term rentals
- 10) Home Occupations, subject to regulations in §17-5.2

### **Uses Permitted by Special Use Permit**

### Section 17-4.2.3

The following uses shall only be permitted by special use permit in accordance with the procedures, guides and standards set forth in Article 9 of the chapter.

- 1) Additional dwelling units.
- 2) Duplexes or two-family dwellings, subject to the special regulations in § 17-4.2.7.
- 3) Bed and Breakfasts.
- 4) Cemeteries
- 5) Churches and Sunday Schools, rectories, parish houses, convents and monasteries, temples, and synagogues.
- 6) Home occupations, subject to not meeting regulations in §17-5.2.

C) Common refuse bins shall be completely screened from view and enclosed by a fence or wall, with an appropriately designed gate which can be latched open and closed.

### Section 17.4.3 [Reserved]

### Section 17-4.4 High Density Residential District (R-2)

### Section 17-4.4.1 Purpose of the District

The purpose of this district is to provide for high density residential uses and to provide for variety in housing types and densities as well as for those public and semi-public uses and accessory uses as may be necessary or are normally associated with residential surroundings. In general, utilities and public services exist or are planned to be adequate for the type or types of development contemplated. Certain special care facilities and certain governmental, educational, recreational and utility uses are permitted by special use permit subject to such restrictions and requirements as will ensure compatibility with residential surroundings.

### Section 17-4.4.2 Permitted Uses and Structures

A building or land shall be used only for the following purposes:

- 1) Those buildings and uses permitted by right in the R-1 Low Density Residential District.
- 2) Multiple-family dwellings, subject to the special regulations of this article.
- 3) Attached single-family dwellings or townhouses, subject to the special regulations of this
- 4) article.

### Section 17-4.4.3 Uses Permitted by Special Use Permit

The following uses may be permitted by special use permit approved by the Town Council following a report by the Planning Commission in accordance with the procedures, guides and standards of Article 9, of this chapter.

- 1) Accessory buildings and uses, including but not limited to accessory storage and accessory off-street parking.
- 2) Bed and breakfast facilities.
- 3) Boarding and rooming houses.
- 4) Churches and Sunday Schools, rectories, parish houses, convents and monasteries, temples and synagogues.
- 5) Convalescent homes, rest homes, nursing homes or homes for the aged.
- 6) Family care homes and foster homes.
- 7) Home Occupations subject to not meeting the regulations of Article 5, §17-5.2, this chapter.
- 8) Nursery schools, kindergartens, child care centers, day nursery, or day care centers.
- 9) Private schools, colleges, or universities.
- 10) Public or governmental buildings and uses, including schools, libraries, fire stations, and rescue squad facilities.
- 11) Publicly or privately operated parks, playgrounds, and athletic fields; including buildings and facilities customarily associated with these recreational activities.
- 12) Radio or television transmission or receiving tower more than fifty (SO) feet in height, and satellite transmission receiving dishes.

### **General Commercial District (B-1)**

### Section 17-4.6.1 Purpose of the District

The purpose of this district is to provide sufficient space in appropriate locations for a wide variety of retail shopping, commercial, automotive, and miscellaneous recreational and service activities, generally serving the Town, a wide area of the County, and the traveling public. These commercial uses are generally located along major thoroughfares or near development centers where a general mixture of commercial and service activity now exists or is planned, but which uses are not characterized by extensive warehousing, frequent heavy trucking activity, or the nuisance factors of dust, odor, and noise, associated with manufacturing.

### Section 17-4.6.2 Permitted Uses

- Facilities, structures and right-of ways necessary for rendering public utility service, including
  poles, wires, transformers, telephone booths and the like for electrical power distribution or
  communication service, and underground pipelines or conduits for electrical, gas, sewer, or
  water service.
- 1) Any principal permitted use permitted by right in the R-1 zoning district. Dwellings are subject to the same lot area and yard space requirements as in the R-1 district.
- 2) Arts, cultural, and historic institutions, including museums and tourist information and orientation facilities.
- 3) Retail automobile or truck parts sales, but not wholesale and not auto salvage or wreckage.
- 4) Bakeries, provided that the majority of products produced on the premises are sold at retail on the premises.
- 5) Banks and other financial institutions.
- 6) Barber shops or beauty parlors.
- 7) Bed and breakfast facility.
- 8) Bicycle sales and repair shops.
- 9) Catering or delicatessen business.
- 10) Churches and Sunday Schools, rectories, parish houses, convents and monasteries, temples, and synagogue.
- 11) Drive-in automatic banking or vending machine station. Groups of three or more vending machines shall be contained in a building.
- 12) Employment service or agency.
- 13) Frozen food lockers for individual or family use.
- 14) Funeral home or undertaking establishment.
- 15) Hospital or clinic.
- 16) Hotel, motel, inn, lodge, or tourist home having less than five (5) rooms for use by transient boarders.
- 17) Janitorial service establishment.
- 18) Laundries, laundromats or dry-cleaning establishments with floor area not exceeding 2,500 square feet.
- 19) Lawn mower, yard and garden equipment, rental and sales and service but no service or repair permitted.
- 20) Libraries.

- 21) Reserved. Public parks, parkways, playgrounds, and athletic fields; public and private forests, wildlife preserves and conservation areas. Public and private facilities requiring night illumination or associated buildings and facilities require a special use permit.
- 22) Nurseries for growing and sale of plants, trees and shrubs and related materials.
- 23) Offices; general, business or professional; manufactured or mobile home for temporary (not to exceed 120 days) office use by approved special use permit only.
- 24) Parking lots, parking spaces and parking areas.
- 25) Pet shop or dog beauty parlor, provided that any work rooms, cages, pens or kennels be maintained within a completely enclosed, soundproof building and that such shop or parlor be operated in such a way as to produce no objectionable noise or odors outside its walls.
- 26) Printing, publishing, and engraving establishments, photographic processing or blueprinting with floor area not exceeding 2,500 square feet.
- 27) Radio and television stations and studios or recording studios, but not towers more than 125 feet in height.
- 28) Rental of household items, tools and appliances.
- 29) Repair shops with floor area not exceeding 2,500 square feet.
- 30) Reserved.
- 31) Security service office or station.
- 32) Shopping Centers.
- 33) Stores or shops for the conduct of retail business, including sale of accessories, antiques, appliances, art or art supplies, beverages (alcoholic or otherwise), books, carpets, clothing, drugs, fabrics, flowers, food, furniture, hardware, jewelry, office supplies and stationery, shoes, paint, wallpaper, sporting goods, and similar stores and shops.
- 34) Studios or shops for artist, photographers, writers, teachers, jewelers, weavers or other crafts, sculptors or musicians.
- 35) Telephone station or booth, including drive-in or talk-from-car stations.
- 36) Temporary stands, or outdoor areas or temporary truck parking for sale of produce, Christmas trees, and other seasonal items.
- 37) Video rental and sales.
- 38) Accessory buildings and uses, including accessory storage of supplies and merchandise normally carried in stock or used in connection with a permitted use, subject to applicable district regulations.
- 39) Massage Therapy practiced by a graduate of a training program certified by the State Board of Education.

### Section 17-4.6.3 Uses Permitted by Special Use Permit

### **ARTICLE 5**

#### SUPPLEMENTARY DISTRICT REGULATIONS

### Section 17-5.1 General

The purpose of these supplementary district regulations is to set specific conditions with various uses, classifications of uses, or areas where problems are frequently encountered with respect to the zoning districts.

### Section 17-5.2 Home Occupations

- (A) Any occupation, profession, enterprise or activity conducted solely by one or more members of a family on the premises which is incidental and secondary to the use of the premises for dwelling may be permitted under an approved Special Use Permit, with the appropriate Certificate of Occupancy, provided that:
  - (1) Not more than the equivalent area of one quarter of one floor of any principal or accessory structure shall be used for such purpose;
  - (2) External alterations required by such occupation shall be subject to special use provisions contained in Article 9. not be undertaken.
  - (3) No more than two (2) persons, other than a member of the family, shall be employed on the premises;
  - (4) No commodity is stored or sold, except such as made on the premises or related to the home occupation.
  - (5) There shall be no group instruction, assembly or activity, or no display that will indicate from the exterior that the building is being utilized in part for any purpose other than that of a dwelling.
  - (6) The home occupation or use is in compliance with all other sections of this code and all other rules, regulations and ordinances of the Town.

### Agenda Item Summary July 25, 2024

Agenda Item: DMV Select

**Background:** A good meeting was held concerning the re-establishment of the DMV Select with county officials. Both parties will review costs, available resources and convene again. We were advised last week that DMV will continue to remove their product. However, the date/time noted passed with no action and in addition, it is understood should the Select be re-established DMV will re-stock.

What would be helpful from the discussion is some understanding as to council's tolerance for a financial loss that would be incurred solely by the town.

**Fiscal Impact:** To Be Determined.

Staff Recommendation: Continue dialogue with county.

**Council Action Requested:** Continue dialogue with county.

**Sample Motion:** None at this time.

### Agenda Item Summary July 25, 2024

Agenda Item: Fiscal Year 2021-22 Audit.

**Background:** In working the financial issues to extend the USDA loan for Phase II of the well replacement project, it was determined that while the audit for Fiscal Year 2021-22 was received by council as evidenced by the enclosed portion of minutes from council's October 12 2023 meeting, the above referenced audit was not formally accepted by council.

Fiscal Impact: None.

Staff Recommendation: Accept the Fiscal Year 21-22 Audit as it was received.

**Council Action Requested:** Accept the Fiscal Year 21-22 Audit as it was received.

### Sample Motion:

I move to accept Fiscal Year 21-22 Audit as it was prepared by Davis Associates – CPA and presented to council on October 12, 2023.

- Sends a formal notice of violation
- o If the violation not fixed, 30 days later go to court and file an injunction that the terms of the violation be enforced by the court

A lengthy discussion took place regarding various problems in the current ordinance, including who is eligible to have a permit, and the history behind the replacing the current STR ordinance.

Ms. Erard explained a written document needs to be referred by Council to the Planning Commission for them to use in creating a new proposed ordinance for Council's approval.

Councilmember Austin suggested Council send Ms. Erard changes they would like made and have her create the document.

Further discussion took place about including items in the ordinance that will not put responsibilities on staff that are not feasible, and possible penalties.

Councilmember Chowning added he was looking at this issue from the viewpoint of the citizens, and the need for short-term rentals, but not too many.

Councilmember Hanson discussed some of the methods and research that had been done to determine how many STRs would be enough for them to succeed, but not so many that none can succeed.

Penalties were discussed, including for those who do not have permits and those who aren't properly reporting, as well as how to address residential homes that are in the B-1 district.

Ms. Erard suggest a first step be to determine in what districts will STRs be allowed, with Councilmember Hanson responding that had been addressed in the document developed by Mr. Kime, with the understanding that it needs to be clarified.

Ms. Erard explained the civil penalty in the proposed changes would limit the town from assessing a criminal penalty. It was decided Council would email Ms. Erard with their suggestions and questions, and Ms. Erard would write a proposal and next steps would be determined after that.

### **NEW BUSINESS**

### 2021-2022 Audit

Mayor Goldsmith reported the audit for FY2021-2022 had been completed. There were no discrepancies found, and there was a surplus in the amount of approximately \$21,000. The audit will be uploaded to the Town website.

### **Pool Cover**

Mayor Goldsmith reported when the pool contract was negotiated, one of the items left out was a pool cover. The project has stayed on budget, and pool maintenance will be decreased and safety increased with a cover.

Councilmember Austin made a motion to approve the purchase of a pool cover for the new pool for the amount of \$21,505.00

**Councilmember Justice seconded** 

Austin, Chowning, Hanson, Justice, Sturgill, and Goldsmith voted yes Motion passed 6-0

### **CLOSED MEETING**

Councilmember Austin made a motion to go into closed meeting pursuant to Va. Code section 2.2-3711(A)(1) for the discussion of the hiring of a new Town Administrator and for the discussion of the salary and compensation of the Town Clerk and the Town Treasurer.

**Councilmember Sturgill seconded** 

Austin, Chowning, Hanson, Justice, Sturgill, and Goldsmith voted yes Motion passed 6-0

Councilmember Austion made a motion to reconvene and certify that only the matters identified in the motion to go into closed meeting were heard, discussed or considered.

**Councilmember Hanson seconded** 

## Town of Urbanna, Virginia

Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Davis and Associates Certified Public Accountants, PLLC

10440 Little Patuxent Parkway Suite 300 Columbia, Maryland 21044 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Town of Urbanna, Virginia

Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Town of Urbanna, Virginia

### Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

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### Town of Urbanna, Virginia

### Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

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### TOWN OF URBANNA, VIRGINIA

### **DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS**

### **Town Council**

Barbara Hartley, Mayor
Majorie Austin
Larry Chowning
Steven S. Hollberg
William "Bill" Goldsmith
Merri Hanson
Bill Smith

### Official

Garth Wheeler, Administrator

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Governmental Audit Quality Center

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Governing Body Town of Urbanna, Virginia

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the Town of Urbanna, Virginia ("The Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise The Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities of the Town of Urbanna, Virginia, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Urbanna, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Urbanna, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Urbanna, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Urbanna, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Urbanna, Virginia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Davis & Associates

Clarksville, Maryland May 23, 2023

### Town of Urbanna, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the financial performance of the Town of Urbanna, Virginia (the "Town") provides an overall review of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Town's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Town's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Net position at June 30, 2022, for the Governmental and Business Type activities, was \$2,578,901 and \$964,877 respectively.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of two parts – management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements consisting of a *Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; Statement of Cash Flows;* and related footnotes. The Statement of Net Position represents the financial position of the Town and provides information about the activities of the Town, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations. The Town's financial statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Town's finances. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status. Both perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison and enhance the Town's accountability.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) presents information on all Town assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors will need to be considered, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and condition of the Town's infrastructure. The Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) presents information identifying how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

In the **Statement of Net Position** (Exhibit 1) and the **Statement of Activities** (Exhibit 2), the Town is divided into the following:

Governmental activities - The Town's basic municipal services are reported here and include general government, public safety, building and grounds, highways and streets, community development, public health, and cultural and recreation. These activities are mainly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

Business-type activities - The Town charges user fees to customers to help offset all or most of the cost of the services provided. The business-type activities of the Town reported in this section include Water and Sewer Utility.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the Taber Trust fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds, the Historical Trust fund and the Grant's fund are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report. The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

### Proprietary Funds

**Proprietary Funds** – The Town maintains proprietary funds to account for enterprise fund operations that report the same functions as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the fund.

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

# Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees.

# **Government-Wide Financial Statements Analysis**

Net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Urbanna exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$3,543,778 as of June 30, 2022. The Town's net position decreased by \$12,854 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes \$265,383.
- Strong performance in charges for services \$426,027.
- Surplus in the Net Pension Liability \$(319,655).
- Meals tax of \$144,224 held steady from the prior year.
- Cost of garbage collection increased by 50 % to \$90,000.
- Town Offices relocated from 45 Cross Street to 390 B Virginia Street, requiring one-time expenditures for moving, construction, computer, and telephone system upgrades, all of which were expensed, not capitalized.
- Established new DMV Select Service for residence.
- The Town is not carrying any long-term debt.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Exhibit 1) – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022, and 2021

		Primary G	Primary Govern				Primary	Gov	ernment	_	
		Governmental Activities				Total	Government al Activities		Type Activities		Total
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	599,578	\$	673,542	\$	1,273,121	615,969	\$	389,331	\$	1,005,299
Due to/from		-		96,171		96,171	-		-		-
Restricted assets:											
Temporarily restricted:											
Cash and cash equivalents		1,152,430		-		1,152,430	1,463,131		-		1,463,131
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):											
Land		228,324		251,000		479,324	228,324		251,000		479,324
Other capital assets		318,843		10,802		329,645	318,843		10,802		329,645
Total assets	\$	2,299,175	\$	1,031,515	\$	3,330,690	2,626,266	\$	651,132	\$	3,277,399
Deferred Outflow of Resources:											
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	-		_		-	31,849		-		31,849
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	2,299,175		1,031,515	_ ;	3,330,690	2,658,115	-	651,132	_ ;	3,309,248
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	(46.867)	\$	50.536	\$	3.669	(43.874)	\$	46,241	\$	2.367
Utility deposits		-		16,102		16,102	-		14,537		14,537
Long-term liabilities:				•		•			•		•
Net Pension Liability		(319,655)		-		(319,655)	(264,288)		_		(264,288)
Total liabilities	\$	(366,522)	\$	66,638	\$	(299,885)	(308,162)	\$	60,778	\$	(247,384)
Deferred Inflow of Resources:											
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	86,797		-		86,797	-		-		-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	(279,725)	_ :	66,638	_ :	(213,088)	(308,162)	-	60,778	_ :	(247,384)
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets	\$	866,822	\$	261,802	\$	1,128,624	843,304	\$	261,802	\$	1,105,106
Unrestricted (deficit)	Ψ	1,712,079	Ψ	703,075	Ψ	2,415,154	2,122,973	Ψ	328,553	Ψ	2,451,526
Total net position	\$	2,578,901	\$	964,877	\$	3,543,778	2,966,277	\$	590,355	\$	3,556,632

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Exhibit 2) – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022, and 2021

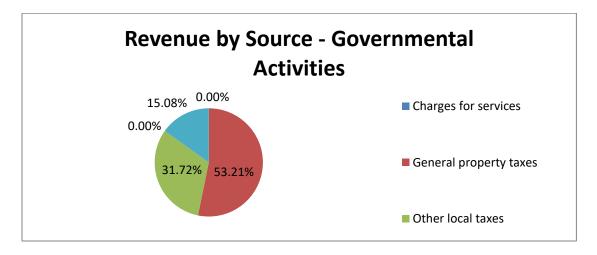
# Statement of Activties

# Change in Net Position

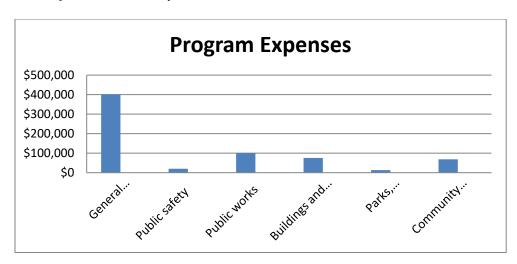
# For Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2022 and 2021

					Busines	s - <sup>-</sup>	Гуре				
	Governmen	tal A	Activities		Acti	vitie	es	Total Primary			vernment
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ -	\$	-	\$	426,027	\$	392,212	\$	426,027	\$	392,212
General revenues:											
General property taxes	265,383		271,589		-		-		265,383		271,589
Other local taxes	158,198		100,594		-		-		158,198		100,594
Restaurant and food taxes	144,225		125,174		-		-		144,225		125,174
Unrestricted revenues from the use of											
money and property	-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	75,190	_	51,529	_	-	_	-	_	75,190		51,529
Total revenues	\$ 642,997	\$	548,886	\$	426,027	\$	392,212	\$	1,069,024	\$	941,098
Expenses:											
General government	\$ 401,296	\$	184,614	\$	-	\$	-	\$	401,296	\$	184,614
Public safety	20,200		17,003		-		-		20,200		17,003
Public works	100,892		111,599		-		-		100,892		111,599
Buildings and grounds	75,465		74,647		-		-		75,465		74,647
Parks, recreation and cultural	13,296		1,131		-		-		13,296		1,131
Community development	68,636		38,423		-		-		68,636		38,423
Enterprise funds	-		-		279,872		280,386		279,872		280,386
Total expenses	\$ 679,786	\$	427,418	\$	279,872	\$	280,386	\$	959,658	\$	707,803
Increase (decrease) in net position before											
transfers	\$ (36,789)	\$	121,468	\$	146,155	\$	111,826	\$	109,366	\$	233,295
Transfers	-		-		-		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ (36,789)	\$	121,468	\$	146,155	\$	111,826	\$	109,366	\$	233,295
Net position - beginning, as adjusted	2,615,689		2,844,808		818,722		478,528		3,434,411		3,323,336
Net position - ending	\$ 2,578,901	\$	2,966,277	\$	964,878	\$	590,355	\$	3,543,778	\$	3,556,632

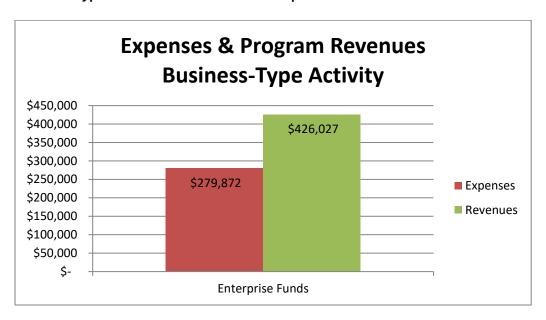
# **Primary Government Revenues**



# **Primary Government Expenses**



# **Business Type Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



# **Economic Factors and Future Outlook**

Presently, the Town is not aware of any significant changes in conditions that would have a significant effect on administrative expenses in the near future.

# **Contacting Town's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to reflect the Town's accountability for the monies it receives. The Town may be contacted at Town of Urbanna, Virginia - P.O. Box 179, Urbanna, Virginia 23175.

June 30, 2022 Statement of Net Position

	_	Primary G	rnment	_		
	-	Governmental Activities		Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	599,578	\$	673,542	\$	1,273,121
Due to/from		-		96,171		96,171
Restricted assets:						
Temporarily restricted:						
Cash and cash equivalents		1,152,430		-		1,152,430
Capital assets (net of accumulated						
depreciation):						
Land		228,324		251,000		479,324
Other capital assets		318,843	-	10,802	-	329,645
Total assets	\$_	2,299,175	_\$_	1,031,515	_\$_	3,330,690
Deferred Outflow of Resources:						
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	_		_		_
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	2,299,175		1,031,515		3,330,690
	-	<u> </u>				
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	(46,867)	\$	50,536	\$	3,669
Unreconciled overdraft		-		-		-
Utility deposits		-		16,102		16,102
Long-term liabilities:						
Net Pension Liability	-	(319,655)				(319,655)
Total liabilities	\$_	(366,522)	_\$_	66,638	_\$_	(299,885)
Deferred Inflow of Resources:						
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	86,797		_		86,797
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	(279,725)		66,638		(213,088)
	-	(=:=,:==)		,		()
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	866,822	\$	261,802	\$	1,128,624
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	1,712,079		703,075		2,415,154
Total net position	\$_	2,578,901	_\$_	964,877	_\$_	3,543,778

						Program Rever	nue	es	Net (Expense	e) Re	evenue and C	Changes
			-						Prin	nary	Governmen	t
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		arges for vices		Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmen tal Activities		usiness- Type ctivities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:												
Governmental activities: General government												
administration:	\$	405,419	\$	4,122	\$	-	\$	- \$	(401,296) \$	\$	- \$	(401,296)
Public safety		20,200		-		-		-	(20,200)		-	(20,200)
Public works		100,892		-		-		-	(100,892)		-	(100,892)
Buildings and grounds		75,465		-		-		-	(75,465)		-	(75,465)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		13,296		-		-		-	(13,296)		-	(13,296)
Community development		68,636		_		-	_		(68,636)			(68,636)
Total governmental activities	\$	683,908	\$	4,122	\$	-	\$	\$	(679,786)	\$	\$	(679,786)
Business-type activities:												
Water	\$	200,456	\$ 34	14,300	\$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	\$	143,844 \$	143,844
Uptons Point		79,416		31,727		-		-	-		2,311	2,311
Total business-type activities	\$	279,872	\$ 42	26,027	\$	-	\$	<del>-</del> \$	- \$	\$ <del></del>	146,155 \$	146,155
Total primary government	\$	963,780	\$ 43	30,149	\$	-	\$	\$	(679,786)	\$	146,155 \$	(533,631)
		General rev	enue!	s:								
		General p	roper	ty taxe:	5			\$	265,383 \$	\$	- \$	265,383
		Other loc	al taxe	es					302,423		-	302,423
		licenses		-		-			4,122		-	4,122
		Miscellan	neous						71,068		<u> </u>	71,068
		Total ae	eneral	revenu	es	and transfers		\$	642,997 \$	\$	- \$	642,997
		Change							(36,789)		146,155	109,366
		Net pos	ition -	- begin	nin	g, as adjusted			2,615,689		818,722	3,434,411
		Net pos	ition -	endin	9			\$	2,578,901	\$	964,877 \$	3,543,778

June 30, 2022 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

	_	General	Permanen t Fund Taber Trust	Other Governmental Funds	_	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Due to/From 100 Fund	\$	467,164 \$ (96,171)	- <u>-</u>	132,414	\$	599,578 (96,171)
Restricted Assets  Cash and cash equivalents		_	1,152,430	_		1,152,430
Total assets	\$ <u>_</u>	370,994 \$	1,152,430	132,414	\$_ _	1,655,838
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	10,807 \$	5,150	600	\$	16,557
Accrued liabilities	_	(63,425)		(9,375)	_	(72,800)
Total liabilities	\$_	(52,617) \$	5,150	(8,775)	\$_	(56,242)
Fund balances: Nonspendable:						
Corpus of historical trust fund Restricted:	\$	- \$	1,152,430	132,414	\$	1,284,844
Residential benefit		_	_	-		-
Debt Service				-		-
Unassigned	_	423,610	(5,150)	8,774	_	427,234
Total fund balances	\$_	423,610 \$	1,147,280	141,188	\$_	1,712,079
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	370,994 \$	1,152,430	132,414	\$_	1,655,838

June 30, 2022

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement net position are different because:	C			
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 – Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	\$		1,712,079	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financia resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:	I			
Land	\$	228,324		
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total capital assets		318,843	547,167	
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, are not reported in funds				
Net Pension Liability Net Pension Liability			319,655	
Net position of governmental activities	\$		2,578,901	

Year Ended June 30, 2022 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

	-	General	Permanent Fund Taber Trust Fund	-	Other Government al Funds	_	Total
REVENUES							
General property taxes	\$	265,383	\$ -	\$	- \$	\$	265,383
Other local taxes		302,423	-		-		302,423
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory							
licenses		4,122	-		-		4,122
Miscellaneous		71,068	-		-		71,068
Total revenues	\$	642,997	\$ -	\$	_	\$	642,997
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government administration	\$	373,570	\$ -	\$	- \$	\$	373,570
Public safety		_	20,200		-		20,200
Public works		100,892	-		-		100,892
Buildings and grounds		75,465	-		-		75,465
Parks, recreation, and cultural		3,296	10,000		-		13,296
Community development		68,636					68,636
Total expenditures	\$	621,859	\$ 30,200	\$	_	\$_ _	652,059
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	21,138	(30,200)	\$		\$_	(9,062)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from debt issuance	\$	- \$	;	\$	\$	5	-
Transfers in		-	30,200		-		30,200
Transfers out		_					
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	_ :	\$ 30,200	\$	_	\$ <u></u>	30,200
Net change in fund balances	\$	21,138	\$ -	\$	- \$	\$	21,138
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted		402,472	\$ 1,147,280	\$	141,188 \$	\$	1,690,940
Fund balances - ending	\$	423,610	\$ 1,147,280	\$	141,188 \$	\$_ _	1,712,079

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

dovernmental runds to the statement of Activities		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different become	ause:	
Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)	\$	21,138
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		(58,373)
Some expenses and other adjustments reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		447
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(36,789)

June 30, 2022 Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

		Business-Type Activities							
	•	Water Fund	Uptons Point Fund	Total Funds					
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash	\$	671,653 \$	1,889 \$	673,542					
Due To/From		27,953	68,218	96,171					
Total current assets	\$.	699,606 \$	70,107 \$	769,713					
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets:									
Land	\$	251,000 \$	- \$	251,000					
Other capital assets		1,632,962	-	1,632,962					
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,622,160)		(1,622,160)					
Total capital assets	\$.	261,802 \$	\$	261,802					
Total noncurrent assets Total assets	\$ \$	261,802 \$ 961,408 \$	<u>-</u> \$ 70,107 \$	<u>261,802</u> 1,031,515					
Total assets	Ψ,	301,400 <b></b>	70,101	1,031,313					
Deferred Outflow of Resources:									
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	- \$	- \$	_					
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	961,408 \$	70,107 \$	1,031,515					
LIADULTIC									
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	49,447 \$	1,089 \$	50,536					
Utility deposits	Ф	16,102	1,069 \$	16,102					
- '									
Total current liabilities  Noncurrent liabilities:	\$	65,549 \$	1,089 \$	66,638					
Long-term liabilities	ф	¢	¢						
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ . \$								
Total liabilities	\$ . \$	65,549 \$	1,089 \$	66,638					
	Υ.								
Deferred Inflow of Resources:									
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	\$	···································						
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	65,549	1,089	66,638					
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	261,802 \$	- \$	261,802					
Unrestricted		634,057	69,018	703,075					
Total net position	\$	895,859 \$	69,018 \$	964,877					

Year Ended June 30, 2022 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

	Business-Type Activities								
	-			Uptons					
	-	Water Fund	_	Point Fund	-	Total Funds			
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	344,300	\$	81,727	\$	426,027			
Total operating revenues	\$	344,300	\$	81,727	\$	426,027			
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personnel services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_			
Fringe benefits		-		-		-			
Contractual services		-		-		-			
Other charges		200,456		79,416		279,872			
Materials and supplies		-		-		-			
Depreciation		-		-		-			
Total operating expenses	\$ _	200,456	\$	79,416	\$	279,872			
Operating income (loss)	\$ _	143,844	\$	2,311	\$	146,155			
NONOPERATING REVENUES									
(EXPENSES)									
Total nonoperating revenues									
(expenses)	\$ _	_	\$	_	\$				
Income before contributions and									
transfers	\$ _	143,844	_\$	2,311	\$	146,155			
Transfers In	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Transfers Out	-		-		-				
Change in net position	\$	143,844	\$	2,311	\$	146,155			
Total net position - beginning	_	752,015	_	66,707	_	818,722			
Total net position - ending	\$_	895,859	\$	69,018	\$	964,877			

Year Ended June 30, 2022 Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

	Busin	es	
	Water Fund	Upton's Point Fund	Total Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers	\$ 344,300 \$	81,727 \$	426,027
Payments to employees and on behalf of employees	-	-	-
Payments to suppliers	(200,456)	(79,416)	(279,872)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 143,844 \$	2,311 \$	146,155
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES			
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	\$ - \$	- \$	-
Adjustments to Capital Assets	<del>-</del> .	<del>-</del> .	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities	\$ \$		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Principal payments on debt	\$ \$	\$	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$ \$	\$	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 143,844 \$	2,311 \$	146,155
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	527,809	(423)	527,387
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 671,653 \$	1,889 \$	673,542
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by			
operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 143,844 \$	2,311 \$	146,155
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
by operating activities:			
Depreciation	\$ - \$	- \$	-
Changes in operating accounts			-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	=	-
Customer deposits	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total adjustments	\$ - \$	\$	=
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 143,844 \$	2,311 \$	146,155

#### **Narrative Profile**

The Town of Urbanna (the "Town"), located in Middlesex County, Virginia, approximately 45 miles from Williamsburg, Virginia, was incorporated in 1902. The town has a population of 476 and a land area of .42 square miles.

The Town is governed under the Council-Manager form of government. The Town government engages in wide ranges of municipal services including general government administration, public safety, public works, park and recreation, cultural and community development. Judicial administration, education, fire, library, health and welfare services are provided by Middlesex County.

The financial statements of the Town of Urbanna, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

# A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis: GASB Statement No. 34 requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to the analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

Statement of Net Position: The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and report depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) Net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u>: The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u>: Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and locate governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The Town and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the government's original budget to the current comparison of final budget and actual results for its major funds.

# A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity (continued)</u>

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require financial statements to present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The Town has no component units that meet the requirements for blending. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the primary government. The Town does not have any discretely presented component units.

# B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The focus is on both the Town as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as fiduciary funds (by category) and the component units, if applicable. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reflected on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information. The Town generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The Town may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, community development, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program and revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, community development, etc.) or a business-type activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Internal service charges, if applicable, are eliminated and the net income or loss from internal service activities is allocated to the various functional expense categories based on the internal charges to each function. In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The fund statements are presented on a current financial resource measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally

# B. <u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)</u>

budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented that briefly explains the adjustment necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental column of the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund operating revenues consist of charges for services and related revenues. Non-operating revenues consist of contributions, grants, investment earnings and other revenues not directly derived from the providing of services.

The Town applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the Town in FY 2022.

1. Governmental Funds – Governmental Funds account for and report the expendable financial resources, other than those accounted for and reported in Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds. The Governmental Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination as would apply to a commercial enterprise. The individual Governmental Funds are:

General Fund – The General Fund accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures of the Town which are not accounted for and reported in the other funds. Revenues are primarily derived from general property taxes, other local taxes, licenses and permits, and revenues from other governmental units. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

Permanent Funds – Permanent Funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only the earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government of its citizenry. Permanent Funds include the following funds:

Taber Trust Fund – The income generated from this fund can only be used for recreational and charitable purposes. To date the funds are primarily used to cover expenses of the pool and contributions to the library, fire and rescue squads. This fund is reported as a major fund of the Town.

Historic Trust Fund – The income generated from this fund is used to promote, enhance or maintain the historic character of the Town. This fund is reported as a non-major fund of the Town.

2. Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services. Enterprise Funds consist of the Water Fund and the Upton's Point Fund.

# C. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total position.

1. Governmental Funds – Governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues and related assets are recorded when measurable and available to finance operations during the year. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts, except that property taxes not collected within 45 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the State or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the State or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the Town. Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of State and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when measurable and available or at the time of the specific expenditure.

Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded as the related fund liabilities are incurred. Principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due, except for amounts due on July 1, which are accrued.

2. Proprietary Funds – The accrual basis of accounting is used for the Enterprise Fund. Under the accrual method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred.

# D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The following procedures are used by the Town in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to May 1, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Town Council. The Town Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

# D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)</u>

- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all Town funds unless they are carried forward by a resolution of Town Council.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements reflect budget reviews as of June 30.

# E. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include all cash on hand and in banks, certificates of deposit, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less.

# F. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

# G. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds of the Town, and as assets in the government-wide financial statements.

Property, plant and equipment purchases are stated at cost or estimated cost. Donated property is recorded at the prevailing market value at date of donation. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis or in the Proprietary Funds using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 33.5 years
Water system 25 years
Office and other equipment 5–25 years
Vehicles 5 years

# H. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# I. <u>Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts</u>

The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance for uncollectible taxes is \$1,090.30 at June 30, 2022.

#### J. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The Town accrues compensated absences (annual and sick leave benefits) when vested. The amounts include all balances earned by employees, which would be paid upon employee terminations, resignations or retirements.

An estimate of ten percent of the liability has been classified as current in the government-wide financial statements.

# K. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such
  as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government) through constitutional provisions
  or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent
  can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing
  body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the Town's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Town Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Town Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

# NOTE 2 PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable December 5<sup>th</sup>. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

#### NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and, depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### **Investments**

Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The Town had no investments at June 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 4 INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

There were no interfund receivables, payables or related activity as of June 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 5 DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

There were no amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2022.

# NOTE 6 DEFERRED REVENUE

There were no deferred revenue amounts at June 30, 2022.

# NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the fiscal year:

	_	Balance		Increases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	228,324	\$_	<u>-</u> !	\$	\$	228,324
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	\$_	228,324	_\$ _	<u> </u>	\$		228,324
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,070,437	\$	-	\$	- \$	1,070,437
Office and other equipment	_	303,068		<u> </u>			303,068
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	1,373,505	_\$ _		\$	\$_	1,373,505
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	756,023	\$	52,120	\$	- \$	808,143
Office and other equipment	_	240,265		6,253		<u> </u>	246,519
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	996,289	\$	58,373	\$	- \$	1,054,662
Total capital assets being depreciated,	\$						
net	Ť —	377,216	_\$ _	(58,373)	\$		318,843
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	605,540	_\$_	(58,373)	\$	\$	547,167
Depreciation expense has been allocated							
as follows:							
General government administration Public works			\$	15,120			
Parks, recreation and cultural				41,231			
Total depreciation expense			<u> </u>	2,023 58,373			
Total depreciation expense			<b>*</b> –	30,313			

# NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS continued

	_	Balance		Increases	_	Decreases	Ending B	alance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	251,000	¢	-	¢	- \$		251,000
Total capital assets not being	_	231,000	-Ψ –		Ψ_	Ψ .		231,000
depreciated	\$	251,000	_\$_		\$_	\$		251,000
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Water system	\$	1,493,801	\$	-	\$	- \$		1,493,801
Vehicles		25,865		-		-		25,865
Office and other equipment		113,296		-		_		113,296
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	1,632,962		-	\$	<u> </u>		1,632,962
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Water system	\$	1,493,801	\$	-	\$	- \$		1,493,801
Vehicles		25,865		-		=		25,865
Office and other equipment		100,567		1,927	_	<u> </u>		102,494
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	1,620,233	_\$_	1,927	\$_	\$		1,622,160
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	12,729	_\$_	(1,927)	\$_	\$		10,802
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	263,729	\$_	(1,927)	\$_	\$		261,802
Depreciation expense has been allocated as follows:								
Total depreciation expense			\$	1,927				

#### NOTE 8 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

#### Incurred by Town

Net pension liability \$ \_\_\_\_\_(319,655)

Total governmental obligations \$ (319,655)

# NOTE 9 CLAIMS, JUDGMENTS AND COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In accordance with GASB Statement 16, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Claims, Judgments and Compensated Absences, the Town has accrued the liability arising from outstanding claims and judgments and compensated absences. Town employees earn vacation and sick leave based upon length of service. The Town has no outstanding accrued vacation pay.

# NOTE 10 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town, (the "Political Subdivision") are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multi-employer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at:

https://www.varetire.org/retirement-plans/defined-benefit/plan1 https://www.varetire.org/retirement-plans/defined-benefit/plan2 https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Town
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.  Inactive Members Vested Non-vested LTD Active elsewhere in VRS Total Inactive Members  Active Members	6
Inactive Members	
Vested	3
Non-vested	3
LTD	0
Active elsewhere in VRS	3
Total Inactive Members	9
Active Members	2
Total	17

#### **Contributions**

Contributions The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 6.75% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

When combined with employee contributions, this rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$7,703 and \$7,700 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For political subdivisions, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.50%
General Employees – Salary increases, 3.50 – 5.35%

including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation\*

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### Mortality rates:

Largest 10 – (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty; 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2022; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2021; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2021; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2022; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2021; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2021; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2021
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 15%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2021
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decrease rate from 60% to 45%
Discount Rate	Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65 %	1.58 %
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46 %	0.07 %
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38 %	0.75 %
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01 %	0.70 %
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34 %	1.17 %
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public	6.00%	3.04 %	0.18 %
Strategies			
PIP - Private Investment	3.00%	6.49 %	0.19 %
Partnership			
Total	100.00%		4.64%
	Inflation	·	2.50%
*Expected arithmeti	c nominal return	_	7.14%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2021 actuarial valuations, provide a median return of 6.81%.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary et Position (b)	Lia	Net Pension bility (Asset) (a) - (b)
Total pension liability	\$ 785,797	\$ 1,093,819	\$	(308,022)
Service cost	11,737	-		11,737
Interest	51,443	-		51,443
Changes in benefit terms	-	-		-
Changes in assumptions	-	-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience	6,967	-		6,967
Contributions - employer	-	717		(717)
Contributions - employee	-	5,756		(5,756)
Net investment income	-	20,691		(20,691)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions	(47,366)	(47,366)		-
Administrative expense	-	(727)		727
Other changes		(24)		24
Net change in total pension liability	22,781	(20,953)		43,734
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 808,578	\$ 1,072,866	\$	(264,288)

# Sensitvity of the Political Subdivision's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the political subdivision's and school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's and school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$_	(177,524)	\$ (264,288)	\$ (337,765)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$7,203 at June 30, 2022, the Town's deferred outflows of resources were \$31,849.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2022	\$ 337
2023	10,120
2024	11,043
2025	10,349
2026	-
Thereafter	-

#### **Pension Plan Data**

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

# NOTE 11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As of June 30, 2022, there were no matters of litigation involving the Town that would materially affect the Town's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the Town.

#### NOTE 12 SURETY BONDS

	 Amount
Virginia Department of Risk Management:	 _
Town Administrator	\$ 50,000
Blanket bond - all employees	50,000

# NOTE 13 EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

There were no expenditures in excess of appropriations.

#### NOTE 14 DEFICIT NET POSITION

At June 30, 2022, no funds had a deficit balance.

#### NOTE 15 ADJUSTMENTS TO BEGINNING BALANCES

		Net Position	Net Position
Fund	_	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities
Beginning net position/fund balances as previously reported, 6/30/21	\$	2,844,808	\$ 478,528
Correction of capital assets and depreciation		(229,119)	340,194
Beginning net position/fund balances as restated, 7/1/22	\$	2,615,689	\$ 818,722

# NOTE 16 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events or transactions sometimes occur subsequent to the balance-sheet date, but prior to the issuance of the financial statement that have a material effect on the financial statements and therefore require adjustment or disclosure in the statements. In accordance with AU Section 560 – the entity is required to disclose those events – that if not disclosed – would cause the financial statements to be misleading. Subsequent events are evaluated through May 23, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Year Ended June 30, 2022 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual General Fund

	_	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative
REVENUES	_	onga.			(itegative
General property taxes	\$	263,300 \$	263,300 \$	265,383 \$	2,083
Other local taxes		206,050	206,050	302,423	96,373
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		2,200	2,200	4,122	1,922
Miscellaneous		52,000	52,000	71,068	19,068
Intergovernmental revenues		_	-	_	-
Total revenues	\$_	523,550 \$	523,550 \$	642,997 \$	119,447
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$	274,838 \$	274,838 \$	373,570 \$	(98,732)
Public safety		17,000	17,000	-	17,000
Public works		84,500	84,500	100,892	(16,392)
Buildings and grounds		51,635	51,635	75,465	(23,830)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		20,312	20,312	3,296	17,016
Community development	_	75,265	75,265	68,636	6,629
Total expenditures	\$_	523,550 \$	523,550 \$	621,859 \$	(98,309)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$_	\$	\$	21,138 \$	21,138
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Transfers in	_	\$	s	\$	
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	\$	<u> </u>	\$	
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	- \$	21,138 \$	21,138
Fund balances - beginning		-	-	402,472	402,472
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	<del>-</del> \$	423,610 \$	423,610

Year Ended June 30, 2022 Schedule of Revenues – Budget and Actual General Fund

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Final Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Real property taxes	\$	250,000	\$	253,331	\$	3,331
Real property taxes - delinquent	•	1,500	•	1,122	•	(378)
Public service corporation taxes		3,200		1,558		(1,642)
Personal property taxes		8,000		8,476		476
Personal property taxes - delinquent		100		193		93
Penalties		250		133		(117)
Interest		250		570		320
Total general property taxes	\$	263,300	\$	265,383	\$	2,083
State sales tax	\$	21,000	\$	22,945	\$	1,945
Consumer utility tax	·	2,500		5,071		2,571
Business license tax		7,500		27,913		20,413
Dubinious nocinos tax				3,582		3,582
Motor vehicle license tax		6,500		9,084		2,584
Bank franchise tax		30,000		55,838		25,838
Lodging tax		5.000		19,573		14,573
Lodging - Occupancy Tax Escrow		-		19,575		-
Meals tax		120,000		144,225		24,225
Meals tax penalty		100		-		(100)
Oyster Festival meals tax		10,000		11,601		1,601
Oyster Festival meals tax penalty		50		-		(50)
Communication sales tax		3,400	_	2,591		(809)
Total other local taxes	\$ .	206,050	_\$	302,423	\$	96,373
Total tax	\$	469,350	_ _\$	567,806	\$	98,456
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory						
licenses:						
Zoning and subdivision permits	\$	100	\$	1,147	\$	1,047
Golf carts		500		1,775		1,275
Interest earned from banks		400		-		(400)
Rental of property		1,200		1,200		
Total permits, privilege fees, and						
regulatory licenses	\$.	2,200	_\$	4,122	\$	-
Miscellaneous Revenue:						
Visitor Center donations	\$	-	\$	599	\$	599
Visitor Center merchandise donations		-		743		743
OF Foundation Reimbursement		24,700		-		(24,700)
Trolley sponsorship and donations		4,500		=		(4,500)
Miscellaneous revcenue		500		45,912		45,412
Cats Meow		300		1,490		1,190
PPTRA (Tax Relief)		6,000		5,995		(5)
Litter control grant		1,000		1,329		329
Fire program funds	_	15,000	_	15,000	-	
Total Miscellaneous	\$	52,000	_\$	71,068	\$	
Total other fees	\$	54,200	\$	75,190	\$	-
Total revenue from local sources	\$	523,550	_\$	642,997	\$	119,447

Year Ended June 30, 2022 Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual General Fund

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:							
General government administration:							
Town Council	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$	10,542 \$	458
Town Treasurer		47,515		47,515		73,184	(25,669)
Town Administrator		65,080		65,080		65,516	(436)
Professional services		48,150		48,150		80,134	(31,984)
General administration	_	103,093		103,093		144,194	(41,101)
Total general government administration	\$	274,838	_\$_	274,838	_\$_	373,570 \$	(98,732)
Public safety:							
Public safety:	\$	17,000	_\$_	17,000	_\$	\$	17,000
Total public safety	\$	17,000	_\$_	17,000	_\$_	\$	17,000
Public works:							
Refuse collection	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	90,500 \$	(30,500)
Maintenance and grounds	_	24,500		24,500		10,392	14,108
Total public works	\$	84,500	_\$_	84,500	_\$_	100,892 \$	(16,392)
Buildings and grounds:							
Administration	\$	20,835	\$	20,835	\$	23,979 \$	(3,144)
Buildings and grounds	_	30,800		30,800		51,486	(20,686)
Total building and grounds	\$	51,635	_\$_	51,635	_\$_	75,465 \$	(23,830)
Parks, recreation and cultural:							
Administration	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Regional Pool		20,312		20,312		3,296	17,016
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$	20,312	_\$_	20,312	_\$	3,296	17,016
Community development:							
Planning and community development	\$	21,750	\$	21,750	\$	20,281 \$	1,469
Oyster fest		24,700		24,700		22,627	2,073
Trolley		9,500		9,500		-	9,500
Visitor's center		19,315		19,315		25,727	(6,412)
Total planning and community development	\$	75,265	_\$_	75,265	_\$_	68,636	6,629
Funds Transfers							
Transfer to Marina	\$	_	_\$_	-	_\$	\$	i
Total Transfers	\$	-	\$_	_	_\$	\$	·
Total General Fund	\$_	523,550	\$_	523,550	_\$_	621,859 \$	(98,309)

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Governmental Audit Quality Center

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

# To the Honorable Governing Body Town of Urbanna, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Town of Urbanna, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Urbanna, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Urbanna, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Urbanna, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Urbanna, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

# Davis & Associates

Clarksville, Maryland May 23, 2023